	Act	Section	Duty
1	National Parks (Scotland)	1	In this Act, references to the National Park aims are to the following aims in relation to an area-
	Act 2000		(a) to conserve and enhance the natural and cultural heritage of the area,
			(b) to promote sustainable use of the natural resources of the area,
			(c) []
			(d) To promote sustainable economic and social development of the area's communities.
2	Water Industry (Scotland) Act 2002	51	(1) Scottish Water must, in exercising its functions, act in the way best calculated to contribute to the achievement of sustainable development.
			(2) Subsection (1) applies so far as is consistent with the purposes of any enactment relating to the functions of Scottish Water
			(3) In complying with subsection (1) Scottish Water must have regard to any guidance for the time being issued by the Scottish Ministers
3	Building (Scotland) Act	1(c)	Scottish Ministers may, for any of the purposes of –
	2003		[]
			(c) furthering the achievement of sustainable development
4	Land Reform (Scotland) Act 2003	34	(4) A body is not a community body unless Ministers have given it written confirmation that they are satisfied that the main purposes of the body is consistent with furthering the achievement of sustainable development
		38	Ministers shall not decide that a community interest is to be entered in the Register unless they are satisfied—
			(a) []
			(b) that-
			i. []
			ii. [] and its acquisition by the community body is compatible with furthering the achievement of sustainable development

		51	Ministers shall not consent for the purposes of subsection (1) above unless the community have given their approval and Ministers are satisfied—
			(a) []
			(b) []
			(c) That what the community body proposes to do with the land is compatible with furthering the achievement of sustainable development
<u>5</u>	Local Government in Scotland Act 2003	1(5), 13(6)(e)(i)	Requires local authorities to discharge their duties in relation to securing best value in a way that contributes to sustainable development, and to report how they did so.
6	Water Environment and Water Services (Scotland) Act 2003	2(4)	The Scottish Ministers, SEPA and the responsible authorities— (a) have regard to the social and economic impact of such exercise of those functions (b) so far as is consistent with the purposes of the relevant enactment or designated function in question— a. promote sustainable flood risk management, and b. act in the way best calculated to contribute to the achievement of sustainable development, and
7	Further and Higher Education (Scotland) Act 2005	20(2)	In exercising its functions, the Council [the Scottish Further and Higher Education Funding Council] is to— (a) have regard to the desirability of the achieving of sustainable development; and (b) in particular, encourage the fundable bodies to contribute (so far as reasonably practicable for them to do so) to the achievement of sustainable development.

8	Transport (Scotland) Act	5	(1) It is the duty of each Transport Partnership to draw up a strategy for transport within its region.
	2005_		(2) Its transport strategy shall include provision about each of the following matters—
			(a) []
			(d) how transport in the region will be provided, developed, improved and operated so as—
			i. to enhance social and economic well-being;
			ii. []
			iii. to be consistent with the principle of sustainable development and to conserve and enhance the environment
			iv. to promote social inclusion;
			v. to encourage equal opportunities and in, particular, the observance of the equal opportunities requirements;
			vi. []
9	Water Services, etc. (Scotland) Act 2005	Schedule 2 (3)	Scottish Ministers can issue sustainable development guidance to the Water Industry Commission, to which it must have regard.
<u>1</u> 0	Planning etc. (Scotland) Act 2006	1, 2.	Inserts into Town and Country Planning (Scotland) Act 1997 provisions for a National Planning Framework, including section 3D on sustainable development: exercise of functions by Scottish Ministers.
			The Scottish Ministers must exercise those functions [of preparing and revising the National Planning Framework] with the objective of contributing to sustainable development
			In construing the expression "sustainable development" for the purposes of this section, regard may be had to any guidance issued, for the purposes of section 3E, under subsection (3) of that section.
			Substitutes Part 2 of the Act, with new provisions on development plans, including a section 3E on sustainable development. This section requires planning authorities to exercise their functions in relation to development planning with the objective of contributing to sustainable development. Scottish Ministers may issue guidance on this and planning authorities must have regard to it.

1 1	Crofting Reform etc. Act 2007	1(3), Schedule 1.2(10)	Where an application for approval or consent from the Crofting Commission would adversely affect the sustainable development of the crofting community, the Commission can intervene. Amends the Crofters (Scotland) Act 1993 so that Scottish Ministers can make grant and loan schemes available for supporting any
1 2	Schools (Health Promotion and Nutrition) (Scotland) Act 2007	9	reasonable use which promotes sustainable development of crofts. Inserts into the Education (Scotland) Act 1980 provisions requiring the education authority and the managers of grant-aided schools to have regard to guidance from Scottish Ministers on sustainable development, in relation to the provision of food or drink in schools. In particular, this may include guidance on the extent to which sustainable development principles may be affected by considerations related to fair and ethical trading and the places where food or drink is produced or processed.
1/3	Climate Change (Scotland) Act 2009	44(1)(c), 45(1), (5)	A public body must, in exercising its functions, act — [] (c) in a way that it considers is most sustainable. Ministers must provide and publish guidance to relevant public bodies on their climate change duties, and the bodies must have regard to this guidance.
<u>1</u> <u>4</u>		92(1), (2)	The persons mentioned in subsection (2) must, in exercising functions conferred on them by virtue of this Act, take into account the need to do so in a way that contributes to the achievement of sustainable development, including the achievement of the United Nations sustainable development goals. Those persons are — (a) the Scottish Ministers; (b) the advisory body.

<u>1</u> <u>5</u>	Flood Risk Management (Scotland) Act 2009	1(2)	In exercising their functions in pursuance of subsection (1), the Scottish Ministers, SEPA and responsible authorities must—
			(a) []
			(b) Have regard to the social, environmental and economic impact of such exercise of those functions,
			(c) So far as is consistent with the purposes of the flood risk related function concerned—
			i. Act in the way best calculated to manage flood risk in a sustainable way
			ii. Promote sustainable flood risk management
			iii. []
			iv. Act in the way best calculated to contribute to the achievement of sustainable development
<u>1</u> <u>6</u>	Crofting Reform (Scotland) Act 2010	2, 37, 42, 43, 48.	Amends subsection 2 of the Crofters (Scotland) Act 1993 so that the Crofting Commission must have regard to the impact of changes to the area of land held in crofting tenure on the sustainability of crofting. The Commission's annual report must contain an assessment of the contribution crofting has made to sustainable development.
			Inserts into the 1993 Act, a requirement that, before terminating tenancy of a croft or letting an owner-occupied croft, the Commission must have regard to sustainable development.
			Further inserts a provision such that the Land Court, when considering whether to grant a landlord's application to resume a croft for a reasonable purpose, may take into account the effect of that purpose on the sustainability of crofting, the crofting community, the landscape, and the environment in the local or relevant area.
			Inserts a provision such that the Commission shall give direction that a croft shall cease to be a croft if the applicant intends to use the land for a reasonable purpose, and may take into account the effect of that purpose on the sustainability of crofting, the crofting community, the landscape, and the environment in the local or relevant area.
			Finally, inserts a provision so that in considering an application for approval or consent, the Commission must have regard to the sustainable development of the crofting community.

<u>1</u> <u>7</u>	Marine (Scotland) Act 2010	5(3)	A national marine plan or (as the case may be) a regional marine plan is a document which- (a) states the Scottish Ministers' policies (however) expressed for and in connection with the sustainable development of the area to which the plan applies
1 8		11	Scottish Ministers have a duty to keep under review any changes which could be expected to occur, as regards a national or regional marine plan, including the effect that any such changes may have in relation to the sustainable development of the Scottish marine area or region, its natural resources, or the living resources dependent on the area/region.
<u>1</u> 9	Public Services Reform (Scotland) Act 2010	11	Inserts into the Forestry Act 1967 a provision in relation to the delegation of functions from Forestry Commissioners to community bodies, whereby a body must have written confirmation from the Commissioners that its main purpose is furthering sustainable development in order to qualify as a community body.
<u>2</u> <u>0</u>	Wildlife & Natural Environment (Scotland) Act 2011	27(1)	Inserts into the Deer (Scotland) Act 1996 a provision such that Scottish Natural Heritage shall draw up a code of practice which includes guidance on sustainable deer management.
<u>2</u> <u>1</u>	Police and Fire Reform (Scotland) Act 2012	37	 (1) It is the duty of the Authority to make arrangements which secure best value for the Authority (that is, a continuous improvement in the carrying out of the Authority's functions) [] (5) The Authority and the chief constable must carry out their duties under this section in a way which contributes to the achievement of sustainable development
<u>2</u> <u>2</u>	Water Resources (Scotland) Act 2013	1(1)	Scottish Ministers have a duty to ensure the development of the value of Scotland's water resources in ways to promote the sustainable use of natural resources, and that are consistent with the proper exercise of their functions under the Water Environment and Water Services (Scotland) Act 2003 and the Climate Change (Scotland) Act 2009 (see above). The value of the water environment includes its social, environmental and economic benefits.
<u>2</u> <u>3</u>	Post-16 Education (Scotland) Act 2013	5	In exercising its functions, a regional college is to have regard to the desirability of the achieving of sustainable development.

<u>2</u> <u>4</u>	Regulatory Reform (Scotland) Act 2014	17, 51, Sch. 3(14).	For the purposes of the Act, 'protecting and improving the environment' means protecting and enhancing ecosystems and promoting the sustainable use of natural resources.
			Inserts into the Environment Act a section 20A on the general purpose of SEPA whereby:
			(1) SEPA is to carry out the functions conferred on it by or under this Act or any other enactment for the purpose of protecting and improving the environment (including managing natural resources in a sustainable way).
			(2) In carrying out its functions for that purpose SEPA must, except to the extent that it would be inconsistent with subsection (1) to do so, contribute to—
			(a) improving the health and well being of people in Scotland, and
			(b) achieving sustainable economic growth.
			Inserts into the Environment Act 1995 a provision that Scottish Ministers may give guidance to the Scottish Environment Protection Agency respect to carrying out its duties under section 20A.
2	Procurement Reform	2(8 – 10)	A contracting authority must comply with the sustainable procurement duty, which is to consider how it can:
5	(Scotland) Act 2014		improve economic, social and environmental wellbeing through the procurement process,
			facilitate the involvement of small, third sector and supported businesses in the procurement process
			promote innovation.
			Scottish Ministers may publish guidance on the sustainable procurement duty, which must be laid before the Scottish Parliament, and to which contracting authorities must have regard.

2	Community Empowerment	Part 4, s.41; s.74;	In section 38 of the 2003 Act (criteria for registration)—
6	(Scotland) Act 2015		(a)in subsection (1)(b)—
			(i)after "that", where it first occurs, insert " the acquisition of the land by the community body to which the application relates is compatible with furthering the achievement of sustainable development, and that ",
			(ii)in sub-paragraph (i), the words "defined under section 34(1)(a) above" are repealed,
			(iii)the word "or" immediately following sub-paragraph (i) is repealed,
			(iv)in sub-paragraph (ii), for "that", where it first occurs, substitute " the ",
			(v)in that sub-paragraph, the words from "and" to the end of the sub-paragraph are repealed, and
			(vi)after that sub-paragraph, insert—
			"(iii)where the community body is a body mentioned in section 34(A1)(a), the land is in or sufficiently near to the area of the community by reference to which the community is defined as mentioned in section 34(5)(a), or
			(iv)where the community body is a body mentioned in section 34(A1)(b), the land is in or sufficiently near to the area of the community to which the body relates,",
			[]
			Abandoned, neglected and detrimental land
			After section 97A of the 2003 Act, insert—
			"PART 3A COMMUNITY RIGHT TO BUY ABANDONED, NEGLECTED OR DETRIMENTAL LAND
			[]
			97D Part 3A community bodies
			[]
			(6) A body is not a Part 3A community body unless Ministers have given it written confirmation that they are satisfied that the main purpose of the body is consistent with furthering the achievement of sustainable development.

2	Education (Scotland) Act	Part 3, s.22	Provision of school meals
7	2016		(1) The 1980 Act is amended as follows.
			[]
			(5) In section 56E (food and drink: guidance about sustainable development), in subsection (1)—
			(a) in paragraph (a), for "section 53(1)(a)" substitute " subsection (2) or (3) of section 53 to pupils mentioned in subsection (1)(a) of that section ",
			(b) in paragraph (b), for "that section" substitute " section 53(2) or (3) to such pupils ", and
			(c) in paragraph (c)(i), for "that section" substitute " section 53(2) or (3) to such pupils ".

Land Reform (Scotland)	Introductory Text,	An Act of the Scottish Parliament to make provision for a land rights and responsibilities statement; to
Act 2016	Part 1, s.1, Part 4,	establish the Scottish Land Commission, provide for its functions and the functions of the Land
	s.44, Part 5, Sch.1	Commissioners and the Tenant Farming Commissioner; to make provision about access to, and provision of,
		information about owners and controllers of land; to make provision about engaging communities in
		decisions relating to land; to enable certain persons to buy land to further sustainable development; to make
		provision for non-domestic rates to be levied on shootings and deer forests; to make provision about the
		change of use of common good land; to make provision about the management of deer on land; to make provision about access rights to land; to amend the law on agricultural holdings to provide for new forms of
		agricultural tenancy, to remove the requirement to register before tenants of certain holdings can exercise a
		right to buy, to provide a new power of sale where a landlord is in breach of certain obligations, to provide
		about rent reviews, to expand the list of the persons to whom holdings can be assigned or bequeathed and to
		whom holdings can be transferred on intestacy and to make provision about landlords' objections to such
		successor tenants, to provide for certain holdings to be relinquished where landlords agree or assigned to
		persons new to or progressing in farming, to provide for a 3 year amnesty period in relation to certain
		improvements carried out by tenants, and to provide for notice of certain improvements proposed by
		landlords; and for connected purposes.
		1 Land rights and responsibilities statement
		[]
		(2) In preparing the statement, the Scottish Ministers must have regard to the desirability of—
		[]
		(g) furthering the achievement of sustainable development in relation to land.
		[]
		44 Guidance on engaging communities in decisions relating to land
		[]
		(3) In preparing guidance under subsection (1), the Scottish Ministers must have regard to the desirability of
		[]
		(d) furthering the achievement of sustainable development in relation to land.
		[]
	Act 2016	

2	Air Departure Tax		7 Tax bands and tax rate amounts to be set by regulations
9	(Scotland) Act 2017		(1) The Scottish Ministers must by regulations—
			(a) define one or more tax bands by reference to the final destination (as defined in section 16(5)) of a chargeable passenger carried on a chargeable aircraft, and
			(b) for each band defined in accordance with paragraph (a), set the amount, or the method for calculating the amount, of each tax rate described in section 16(3).
			(2) In preparing a draft of any regulations under subsection (1), the Scottish Ministers must have regard to the projected economic, environmental and social impacts of the proposed tax bands and tax rate amounts.
			(3) The Scottish Ministers must keep under review the economic, environmental and social impacts of the tax bands defined and tax rate amounts set by regulations under subsection (1).
3	Forestry and Land	s.15	15 Management of land to further sustainable development
0	Management (Scotland) Act 2018	nent (Scotland)	(1) The Scottish Ministers must manage land mentioned in subsection (2) for the purpose of furthering the achievement of sustainable development.
			(2) The land referred to in subsection (1) is—
			(a)land in the national forest estate that is not forested, and
			(b)other land that is not forested that is—
			(i)owned by the Scottish Ministers having been acquired under section 18(1) or 19(1),
			(ii)managed by the Scottish Ministers having been acquired under section 18(1) or 19(1), or

3	Islands (Scotland) Act 2018	3 National islands plan
1		(1) The Scottish Ministers must prepare a national islands plan.
		(2) The purpose of preparing a national islands plan is to set out the main objectives and strategy of the Scottish Ministers in relation to improving outcomes for island communities that result from, or are contributed to by, the carrying out of functions of a public nature.
		(3) Improving outcomes for island communities includes—
		[]
		(b) improving and promoting—
		(i) sustainable economic development,
		(ii)environmental wellbeing,
		(iii) health and wellbeing, and
		(iv) community empowerment,

3	Scottish Crown Estate Act	Part 3, s.7, s.11	7 Duty to maintain and enhance value
2	2019		(1) The manager of one or more Scottish Crown Estate assets must maintain and seek to enhance—
			(a) the value of the assets, and
			(b) the income arising from them.
			(2) In complying with the duty under subsection (1), the manager must—
			(a) act in the way best calculated to further the achievement of sustainable development in Scotland, and
			(b) seek to manage the assets in a way that is likely to contribute to the promotion or the improvement in Scotland of—
			(i)economic development,
			(ii)regeneration,
			(iii)social wellbeing,
			(iv)environmental wellbeing.
			[]
			11 Duty to obtain market value
			(1) The manager of a Scottish Crown Estate asset must not make any of the following transactions ("a relevant transaction") for consideration of less than market value—
			(a) a transfer of ownership of the asset,
			(b) a grant of a lease of the asset,
			(c) a grant of any other right in or over the asset.
			(2) Despite subsection (1), the manager may make a relevant transaction for consideration of less than market value (including for no consideration) if the manager is satisfied that the relevant transaction is likely to contribute to the promotion or the improvement in Scotland of—
			(a) economic development,
			(b) regeneration,
I	I	I	(c) social wellbeing,

2 Climate Change /Finitesians	F. The towart cotting suitavia
3 Climate Change (Emissions Reduction Targets)	5 The target-setting criteria
3 Reduction Targets) (Scotland) Act 2019	After section 2A of the 2009 Act (inserted by section 4 of this Act), insert—
	"The target-setting criteria 2BThe target-setting criteria
	(1) In this Act, the "target-setting criteria" are—
	(a) the objective of not exceeding the fair and safe Scottish emissions budget,
	(b) European and international law and policy relating to climate change (including the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change and protocols to that Convention),
	(c) scientific knowledge about climate change,
	(d) technology relevant to climate change,
	(e) economic circumstances, in particular the likely impact of the target on—
	(i) the Scottish economy,
	(ii) the competitiveness of particular sectors of the Scottish economy,
	(iii) small and medium-sized enterprises,
	(iv) jobs and employment opportunities,
	(f) fiscal circumstances, in particular the likely impact of the target on taxation, public spending and public borrowing,
	(g) social circumstances, in particular the likely impact of the target on those living in poorer or deprived communities,
	(h) the likely impact of the target on public health,
	(i) the likely impact of the target on those living in remote rural communities and island communities,
	(j) energy policy, in particular the likely impact of the target on energy supplies, the renewable energy sector and the carbon and energy intensity of the Scottish economy,
	(k) environmental considerations and, in particular, the likely impact of the target on biodiversity,
	(I) the likely impact of the target on the achievement of sustainable development, including the achievement of the United Nations sustainable development goals,

3	South of Scotland	5 Aims
4	Enterprise Act 2019	(1) South of Scotland Enterprise's aims are to—
	- note internal contradictions within list	(a) further the sustainable economic and social development of the South of Scotland, and
	of aims.	(b)improve the amenity and environment of the South of Scotland.
		(2)Achieving those aims may involve taking action directed towards (amongst other things)—
		(a)supporting inclusive and sustainable economic growth,
		(b)providing, maintaining and safeguarding employment,
		(c)increasing the number of residents in the South of Scotland who are of working age,
		(d)enhancing skills and capacities relevant to employment,
		(e)encouraging business start-ups and entrepreneurship,
		(f)supporting inclusive business models (such as social enterprises and co-operatives of any kind),
		(g)promoting commercial and industrial—
		(i)efficiency,
		(ii)innovativeness, and
		(iii)international competitiveness,
		(h)promoting digital connectivity,
		(i)promoting improved transport services and infrastructure,
		(j)supporting communities to help them meet their needs,
		(k)supporting community ownership of land and other assets,
		(I)maintaining, protecting and enhancing the natural and cultural heritage and environmental quality of the South of Scotland,
		(m)promoting the sustainable and efficient use and re-use of resources,
		(n)supporting the transitions required to meet the net-zero emissions target (as defined in section A1 of the Climate Change (Scotland) Act 2009),
1 1	'	(o) encouraging and facilitating collaborations between persons that will advance one or more of South of

3	Scottish National	5 Balanced scorecard
5	Investment Bank Act 2020	(1) The articles of association must provide that the Bank must prepare and update a document ("the balanced scorecard") to assist its preparation of reports under this Act.
		(2) The articles of association must provide that, in preparing and updating the balanced scorecard, the Bank is to have regard to—
		(a)the economic impact of the performance of its investments over time,
		(b) the social impact of the performance of its investments over time,
		(c) the environmental impact of the performance of its investments over time,
		(d) any other impact (financial or non-financial) of the performance of its investments over time as the articles may provide.
3	Consumer Scotland Act	2 The general function of providing consumer advocacy and advice
6	2020	(1) Consumer Scotland has the general function of providing consumer advocacy and advice with a view to
		(d)promoting—
		(i)sustainable consumption of natural resources, and
		(ii)other environmentally sustainable practices,
		in relation to the acquisition, use and disposal of goods by consumers in Scotland,
		(e)otherwise advancing inclusion, fairness, prosperity and other aspects of wellbeing in Scotland.

(b)		16(1)(b)	14 Ministers' duties to have due regard to the guiding principles
3 7	European Union (Continuity) (Scotland) Act 2021		(1) The Scottish Ministers must, in making policies (including proposals for legislation), have due regard to the guiding principles on the environment.
	2021		(2) Ministers of the Crown must, in making policies (including proposals for legislation) so far as extending to Scotland, have due regard to the guiding principles on the environment
			15 Other authorities' duty to have due regard to the guiding principles
			(1) A responsible authority must, in doing anything in respect of which the duty under section 1 of the Environmental Assessment (Scotland) Act 2005 ("the 2005 Act") applies (requirement for environmental assessment), have due regard to the guiding principles on the environment
			16 Purpose of the duties under sections 14 and 15
			(1) Those to whom the duties in sections 14 and 15 apply are to comply with the duties with a view to—
			(a) protecting and improving the environment, and
			(b) contributing to sustainable development
			44 Meaning of "environmental law" and "effectiveness of environmental law"
			(7) In this Chapter, references to the effectiveness of environmental law are references to the effectiveness of environmental law, or any particular aspect of it—
			(a) in achieving its intended effect by reference to its contribution to—
			(i) environmental protection, and
			(ii) improving the health and wellbeing of Scotland's people, and achieving sustainable economic growth, so far as consistent with environmental protection, and
			(b) in contributing to the implementation of any international obligation of the United Kingdom relating to environmental protection, and references to "effective environmental law" are to be construed accordingly

	47 Environmental policy strategy
	(3) In preparing the strategy the Scottish Ministers must have regard to the desirability of securing that environmental policy— (a) aims at a high level of environmental protection,
	(b) contributes to sustainable development,
	(c) contributes to improving the health and wellbeing of Scotland's people
	(e) integrates environmental policy objectives into the development of policies in other areas,
	(f) responds to global crises in relation to climate change and biodiversity.

37 Acts of the Scottish Parliament out of 337 Acts (legislation.gov.uk - 16.11.2021) = 10.9%